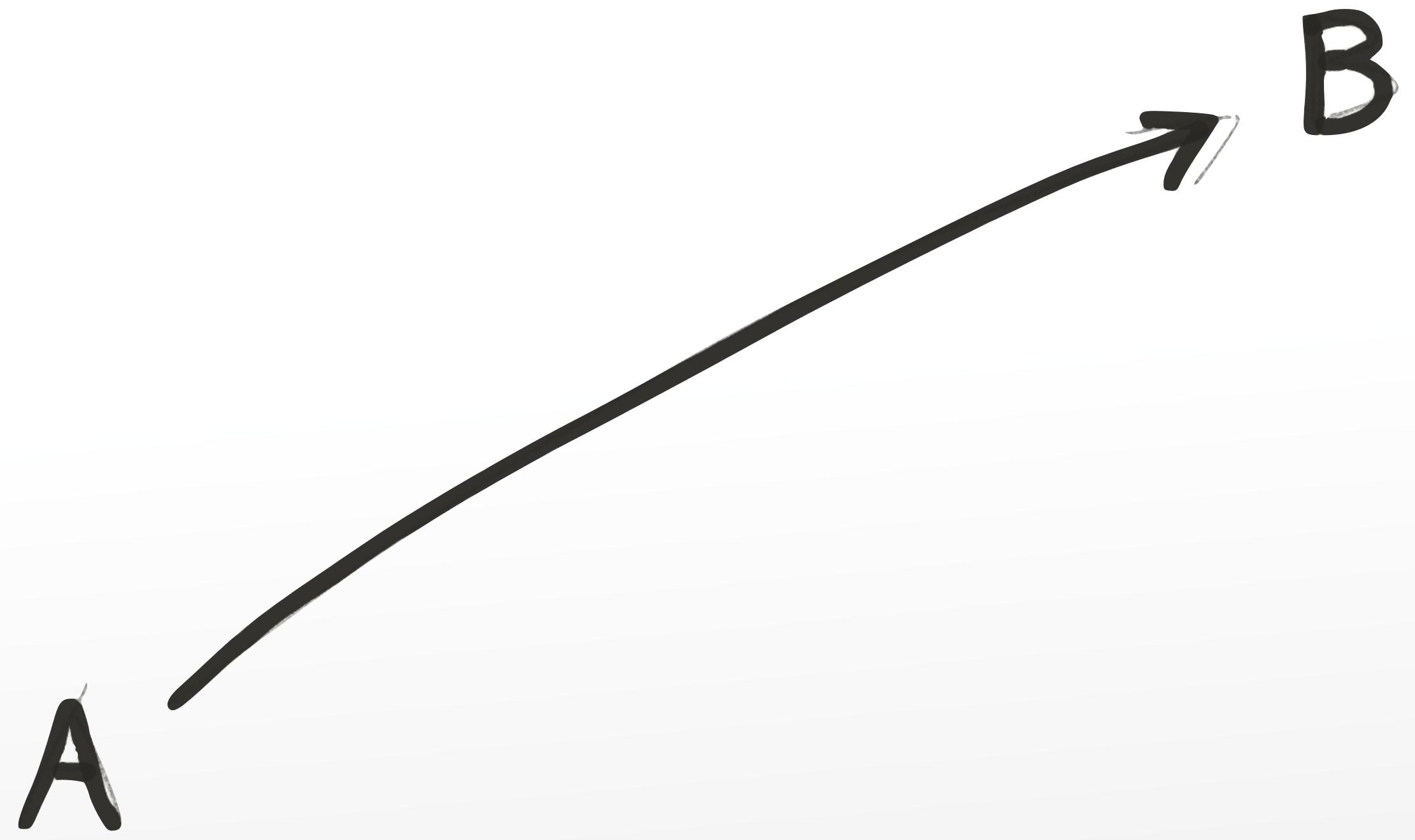
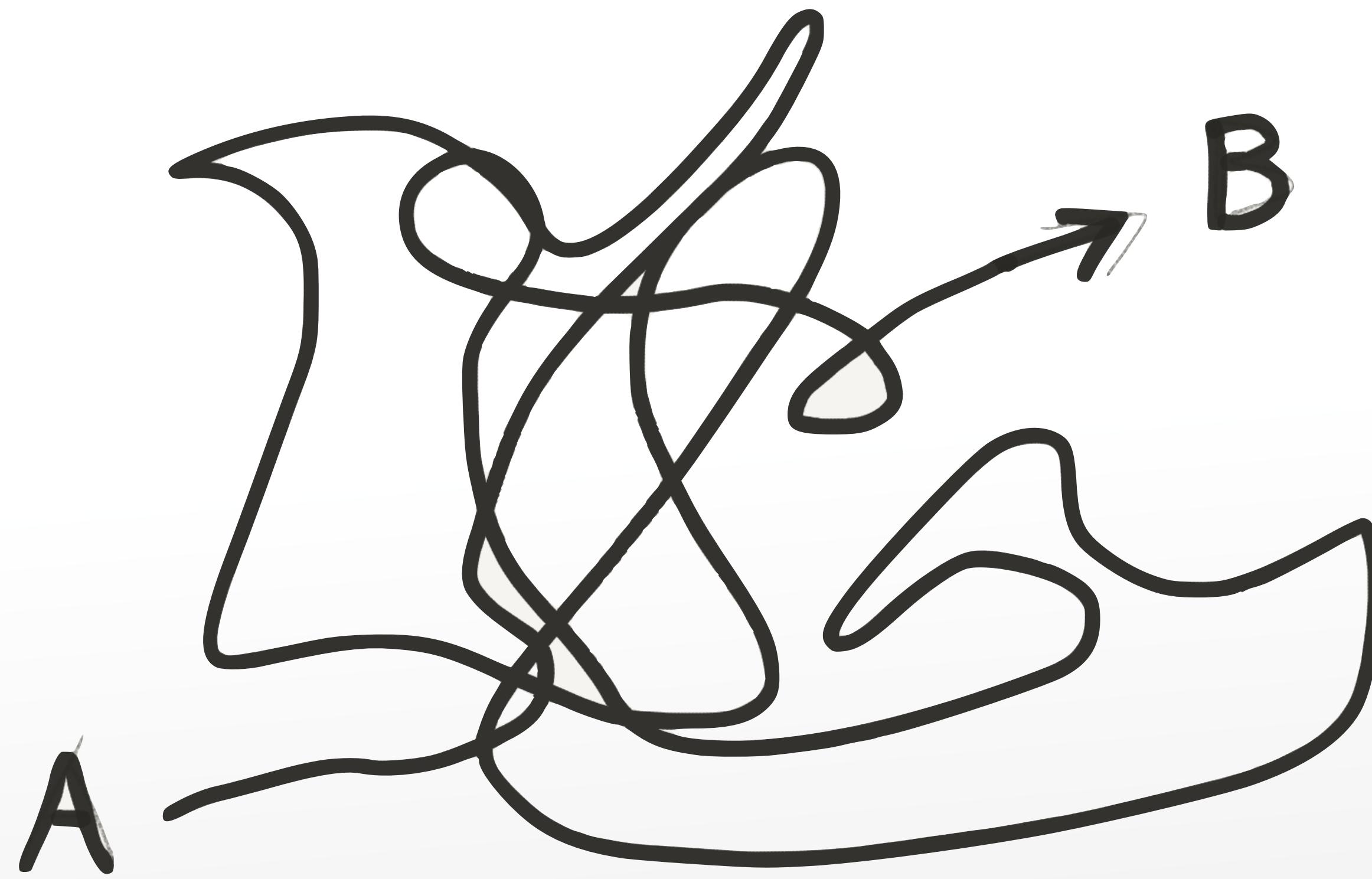


Implementation

Hugo Sax, MD | Head Infection Control | Division of
Infectious Diseases and Hospital Epidemiology | USZ

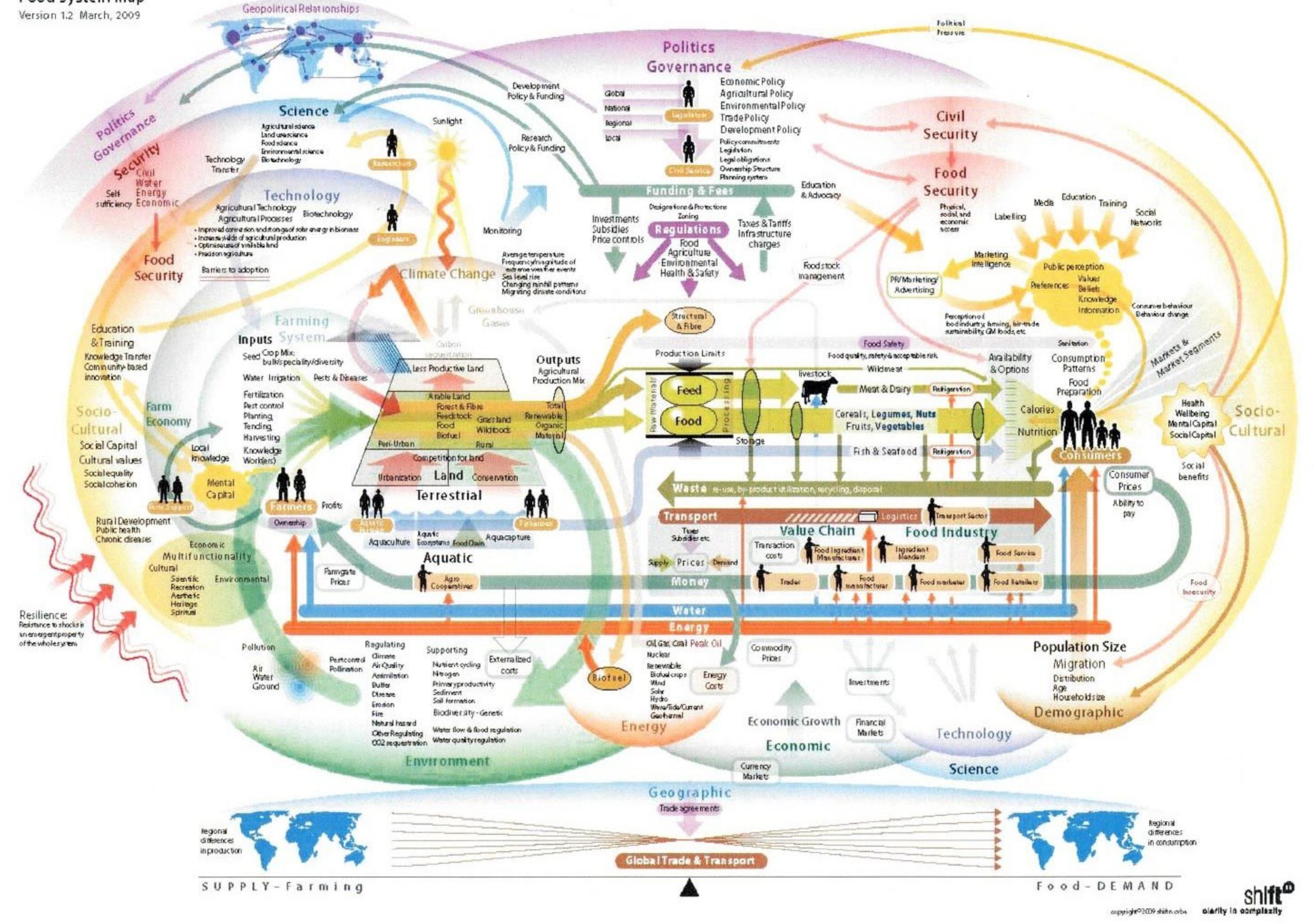




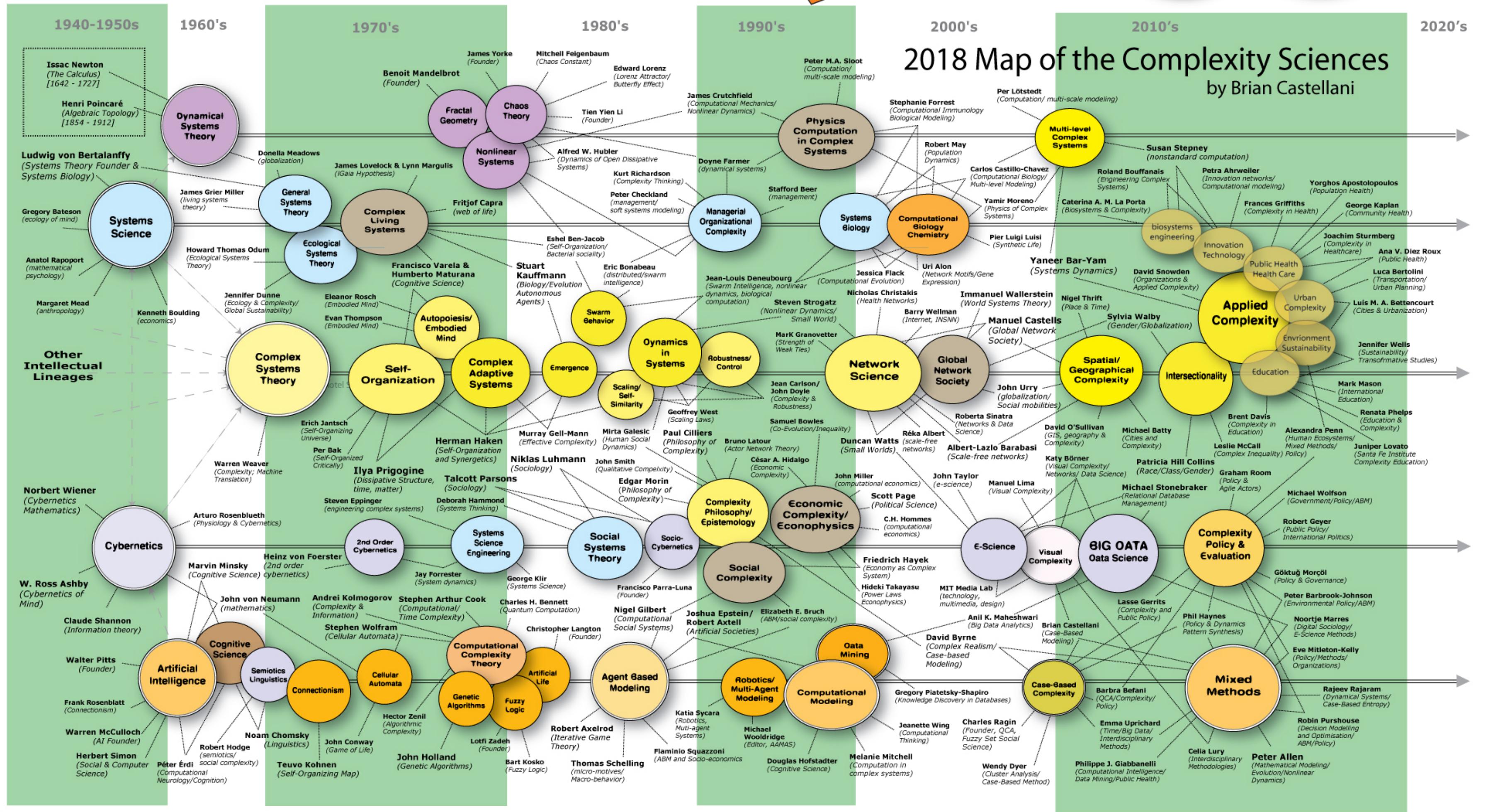


The Global Food System

Food System Map
Version 1.2 March, 2009



See below on how to read map!



[https://www.art-scienc\(factory\).com/complexity-map_feb09.html](https://www.art-scienc(factory).com/complexity-map_feb09.html)

ALL PROBLEMS RESULT FROM THE MISMATCH BETWEEN
HOW REAL-WORLD SYSTEMS WORK
AND HOW WE THINK THEY WORK.

THINK BETTER

SOLUTIONS, SCIENCE,
FAMILIES, SCHOOLS,
BUSINESSES, GOVERNMENT,
SOCIETIES.

BECOME A

SYSTEMS THINKER

FOLLOW
4
SIMPLE
RULES.

MAKE DISTINCTIONS AND RECOGNIZE SYSTEMS, RELATIONSHIPS, AND PERSPECTIVES (DSRP).

MIX AND MATCH THESE RULES LIKE PRIMARY COLORS.

SYSTEMS THINKERS
CHALLENGE BOUNDARIES, SEE
INTERCONNECTIONS, AND ARE
PART OF A LARGER WHOLE.

WHEN YOU CHANGE THE WAY
YOU LOOK AT THINGS, THE
THINGS YOU LOOK AT CHANGE.

SYSTEMS
THINKING
IS A NEW
ETHOS.

SMALL THINGS DONE BY MANY CAN LEAD TO BIG CHANGES.
WHEN WE TAKE THE TIME TO THINK ABOUT THE WAYS WE THINK,
IDEAS THAT CAN CHANGE THE WORLD BECOME POSSIBLE.



Thinking tools



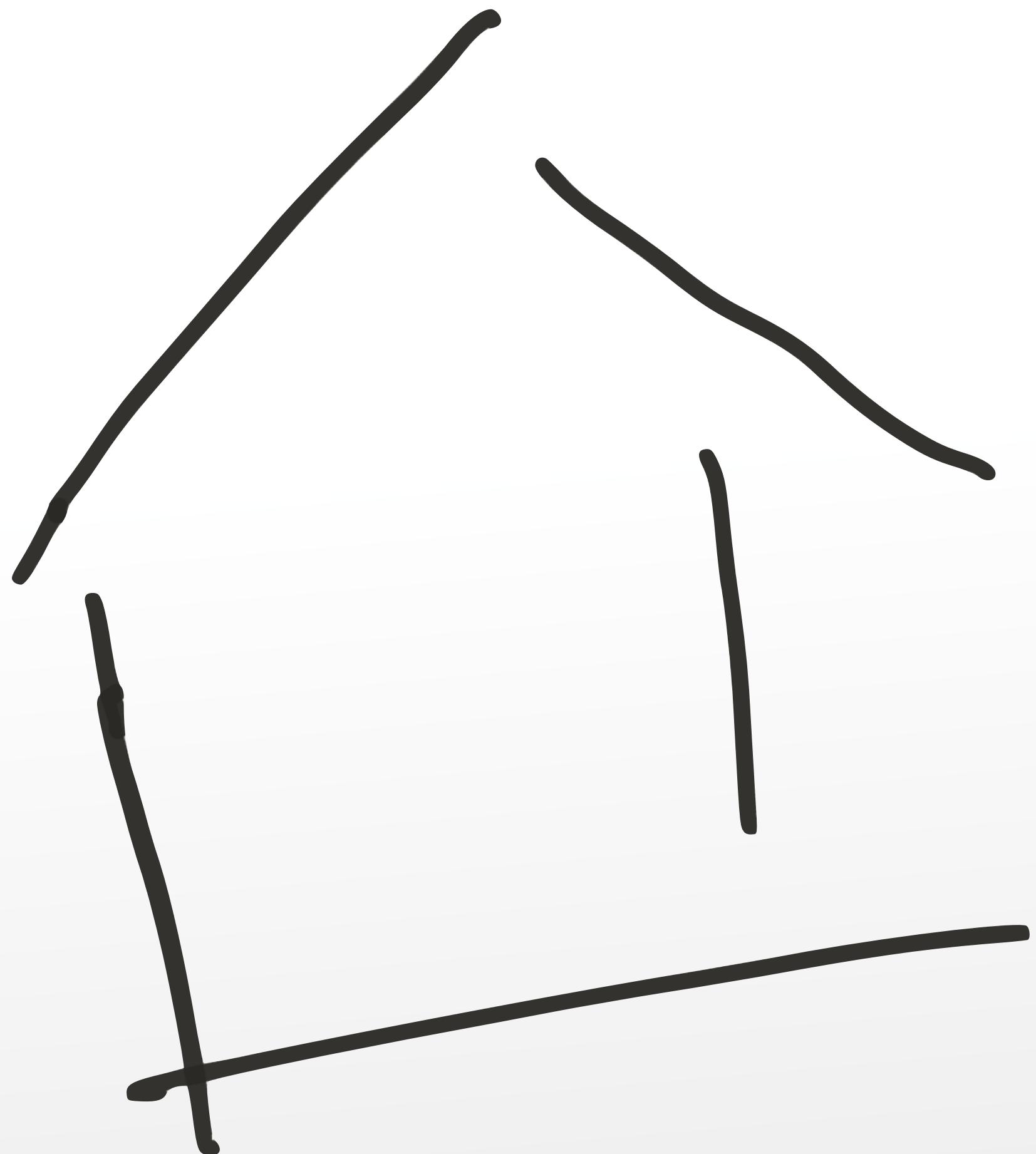
Daniel C. Dennett. Intuition Pumps and Other Tools for Thinking. Norton 2013, New York, NY.

Thinking tools

You can't do much carpeting with your bare hands, and you can't do much thinking with your bare brain. - **Bo Dahlbom**

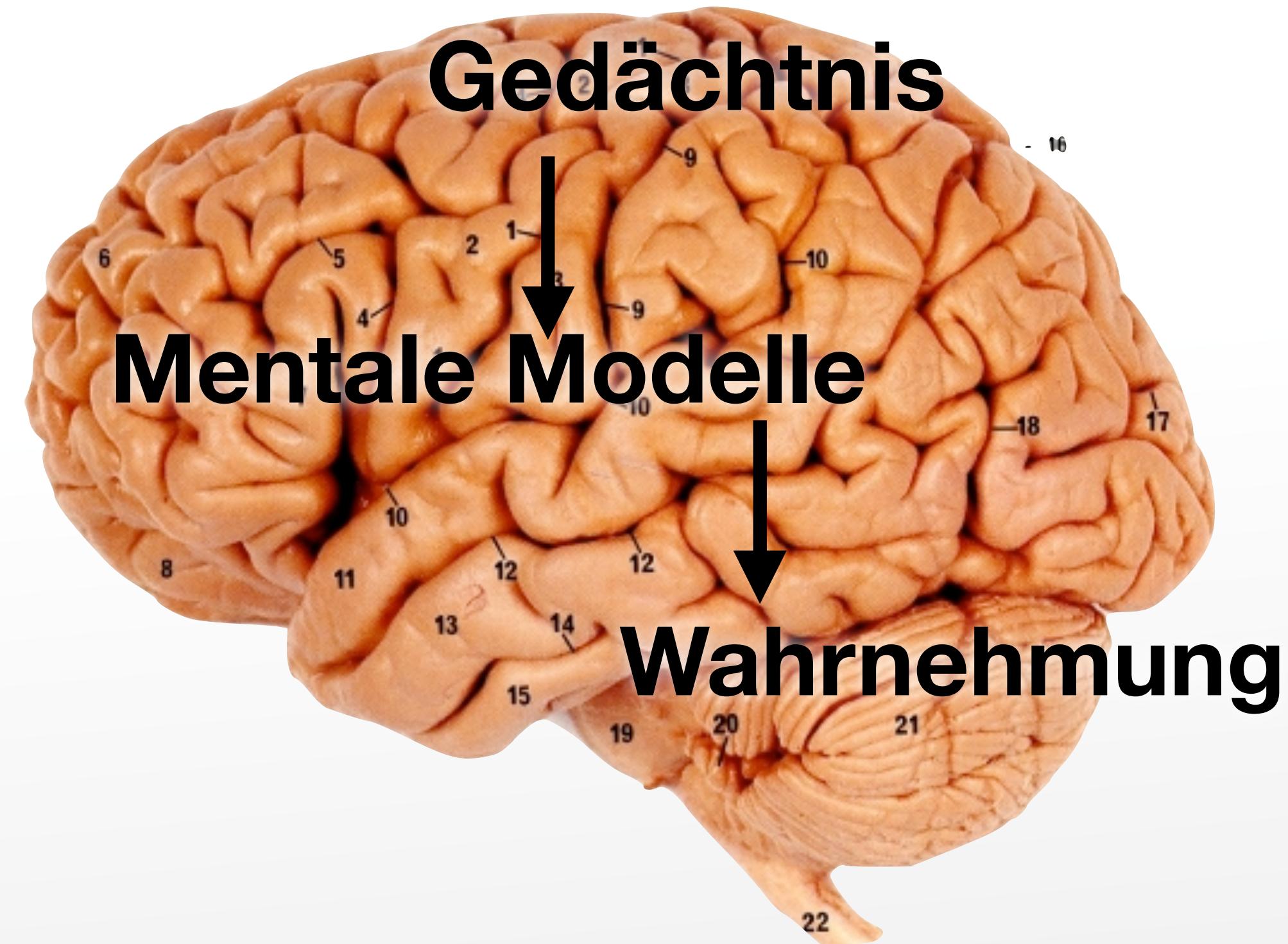


Daniel C. Dennett. Intuition Pumps and Other Tools for Thinking. Norton 2013, New York, NY.

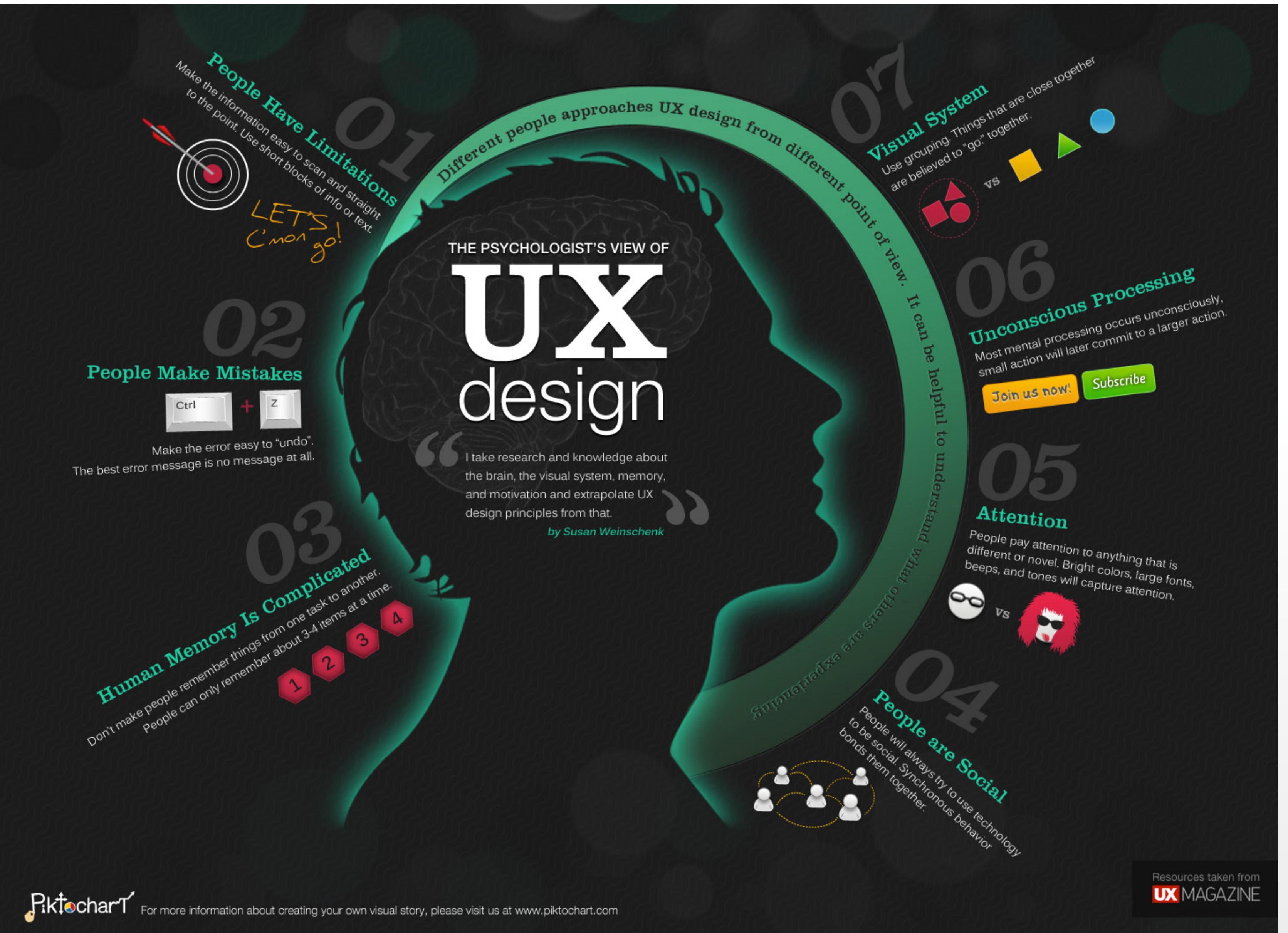


Die Welt (ist) in unserem Kopf.

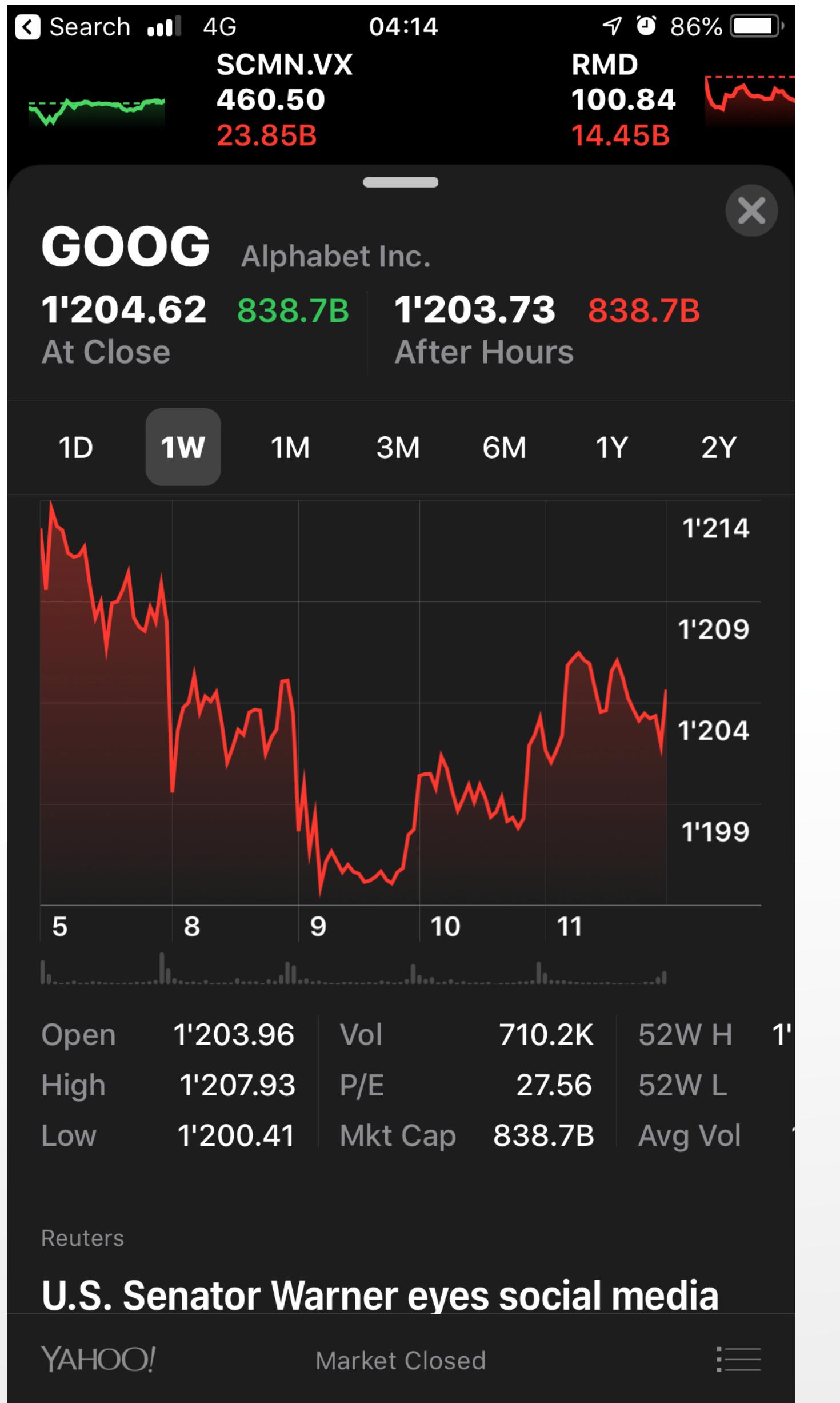
Welt → Sehen →

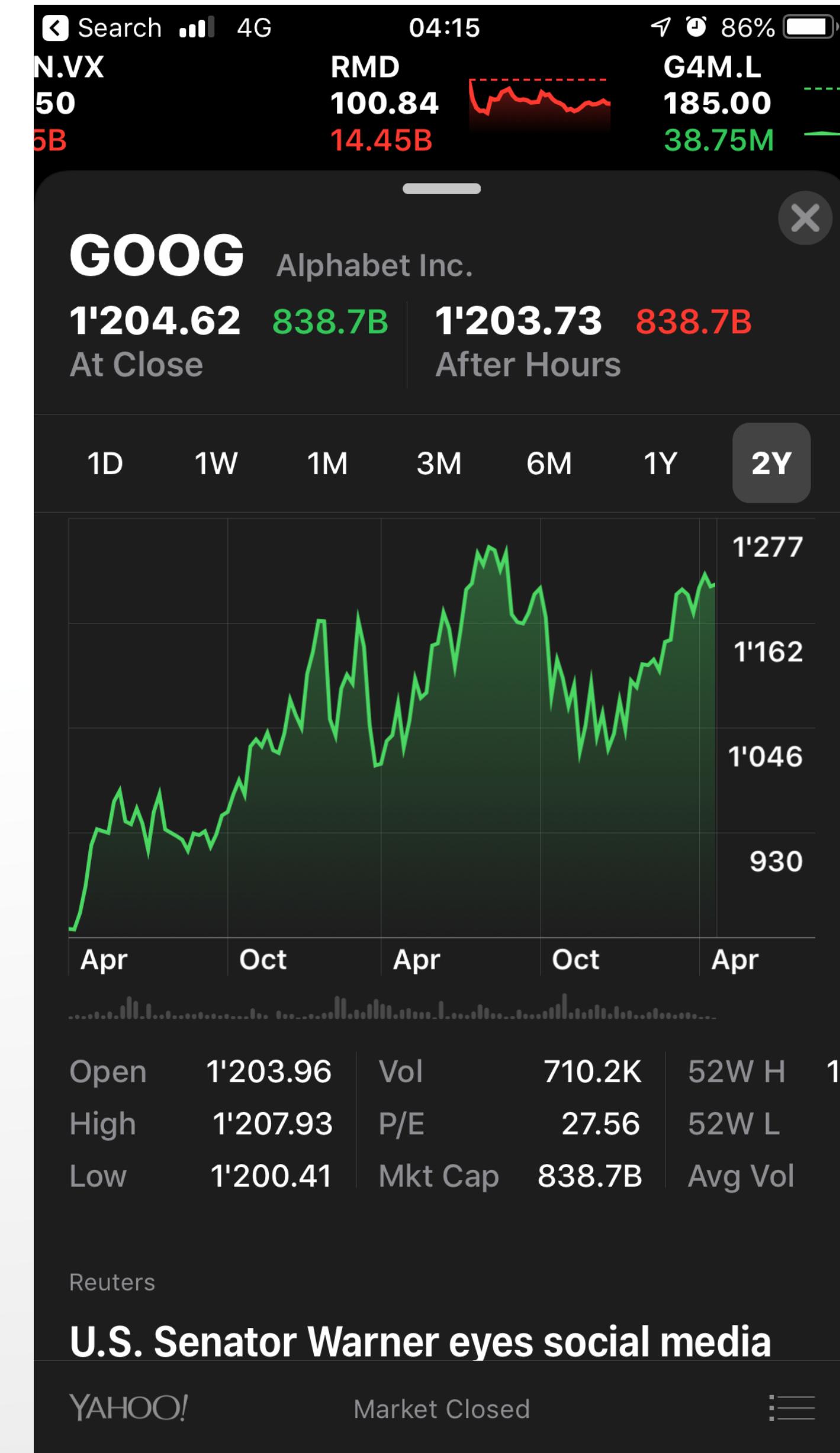
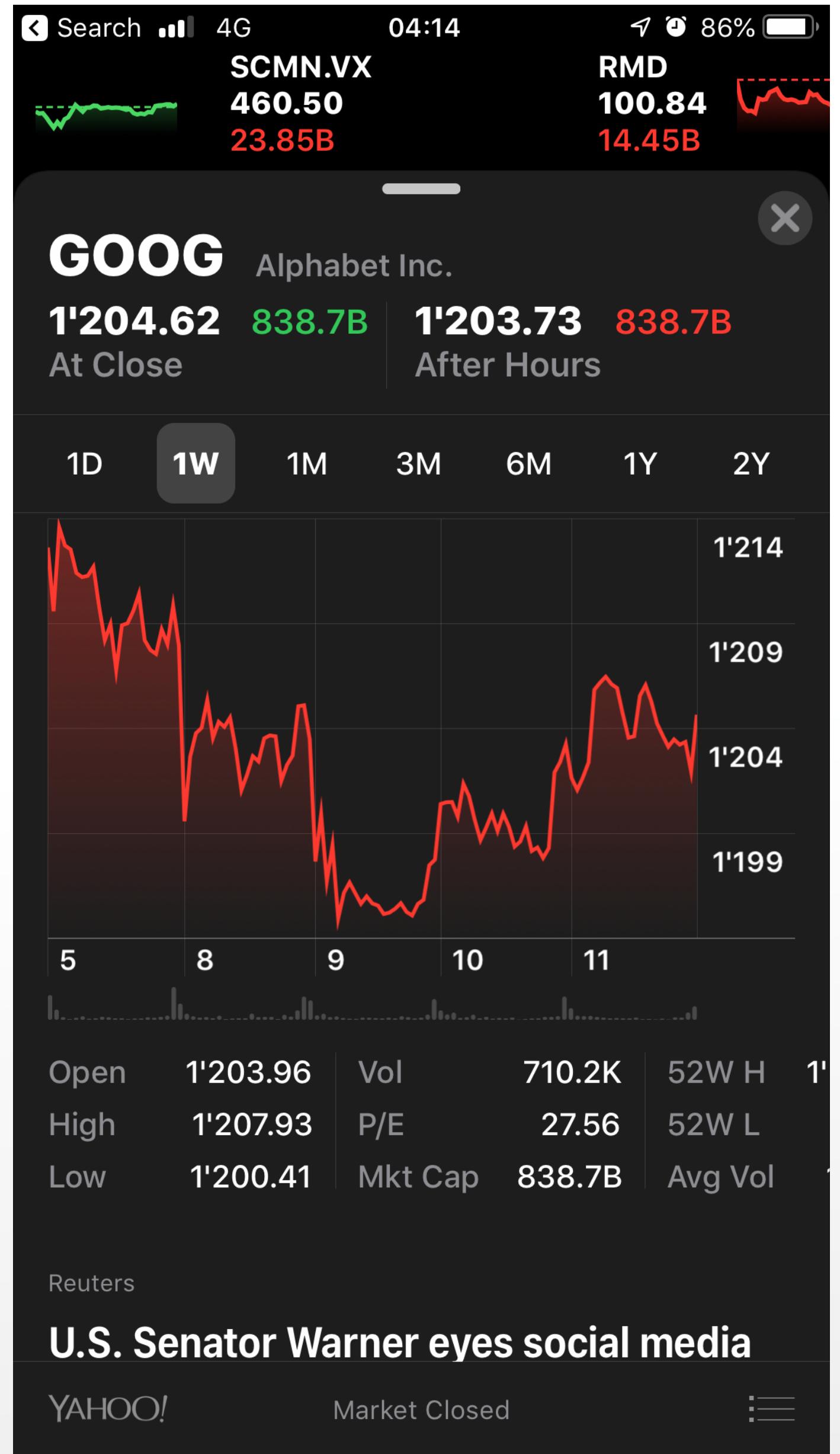


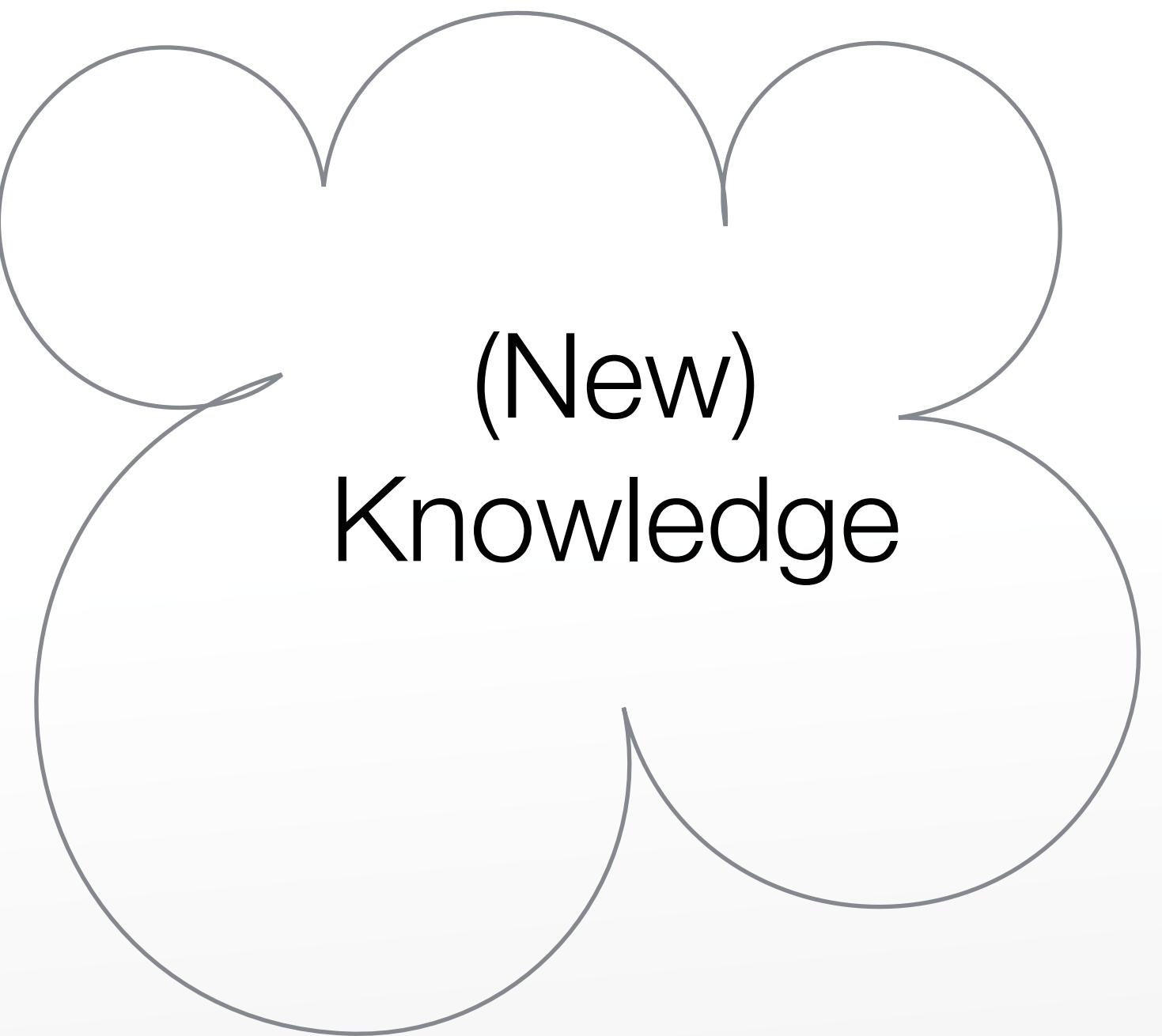
Sax H, Clack L Mental models: a basic concept for human factors design in infection prevention. **J Hosp Infect** 2015;89(4):335–9. Doi: 10.1016/j.jhin.2014.12.008.



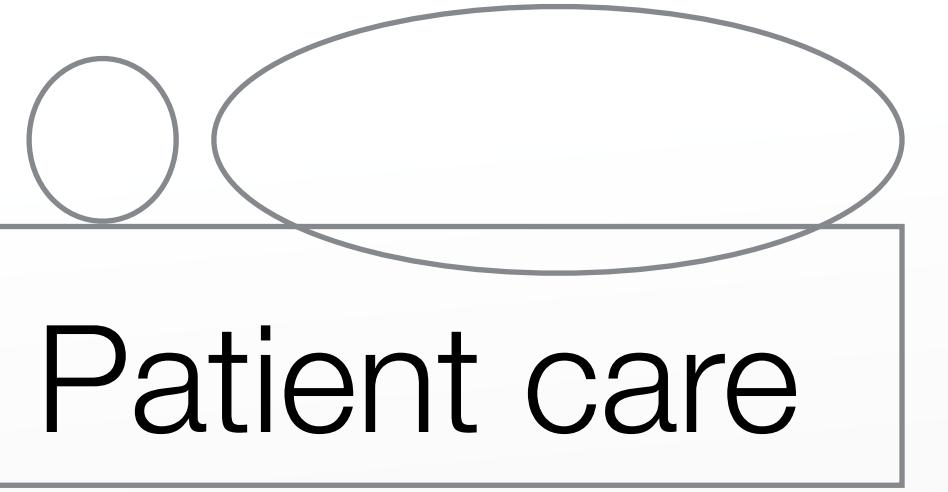








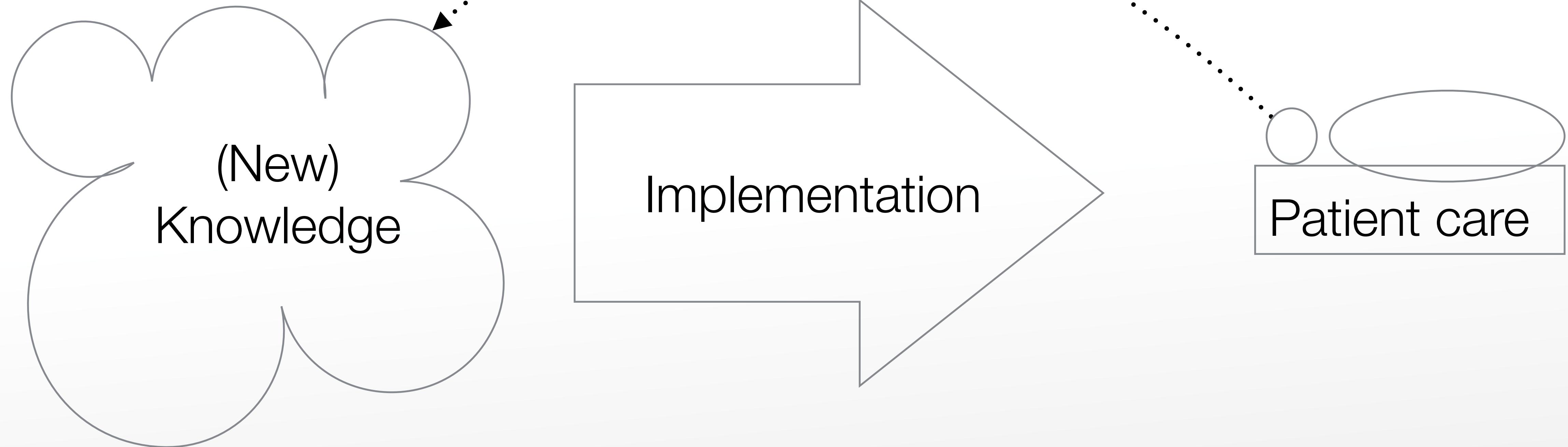
(New)
Knowledge



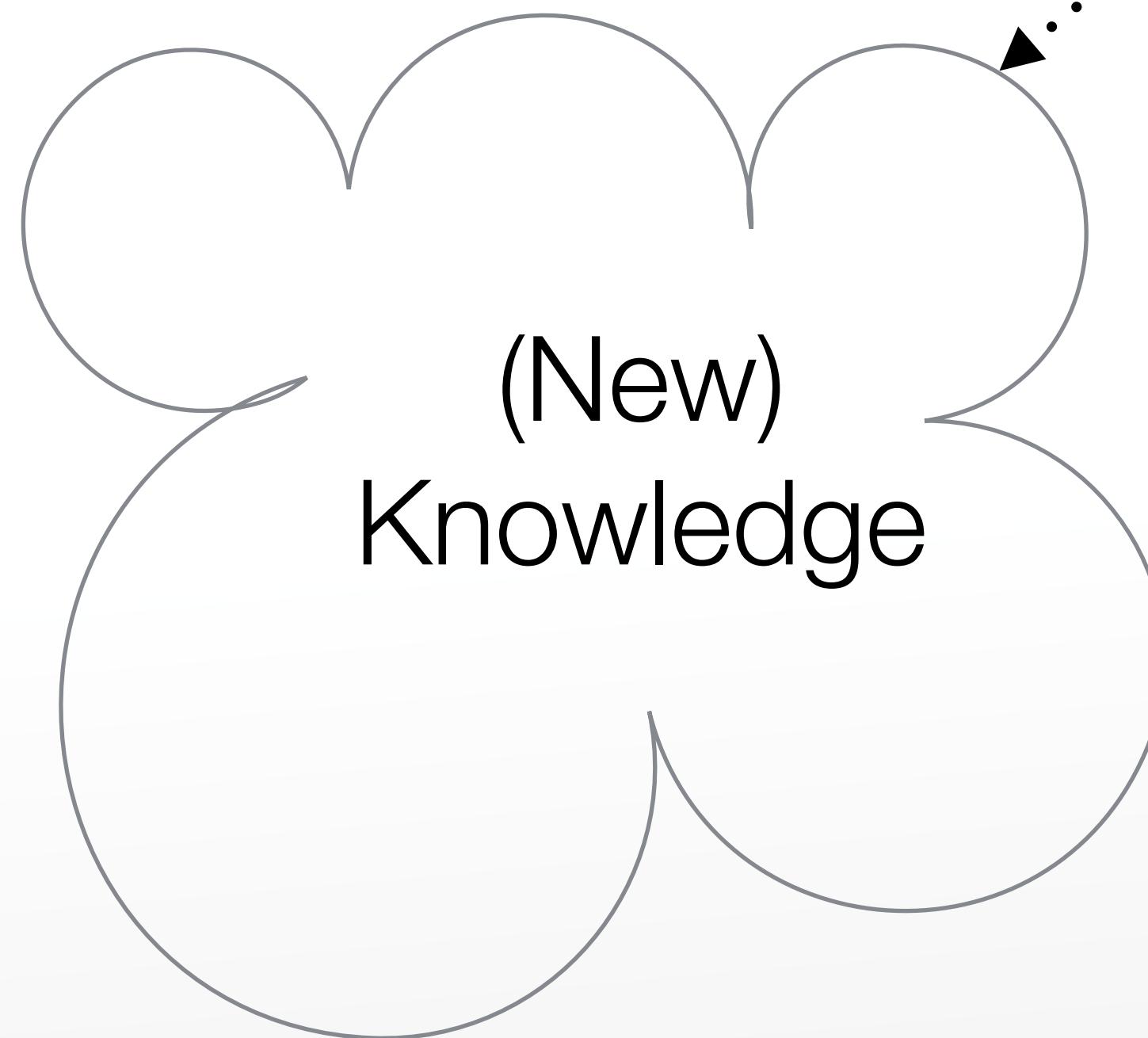
The (right) question

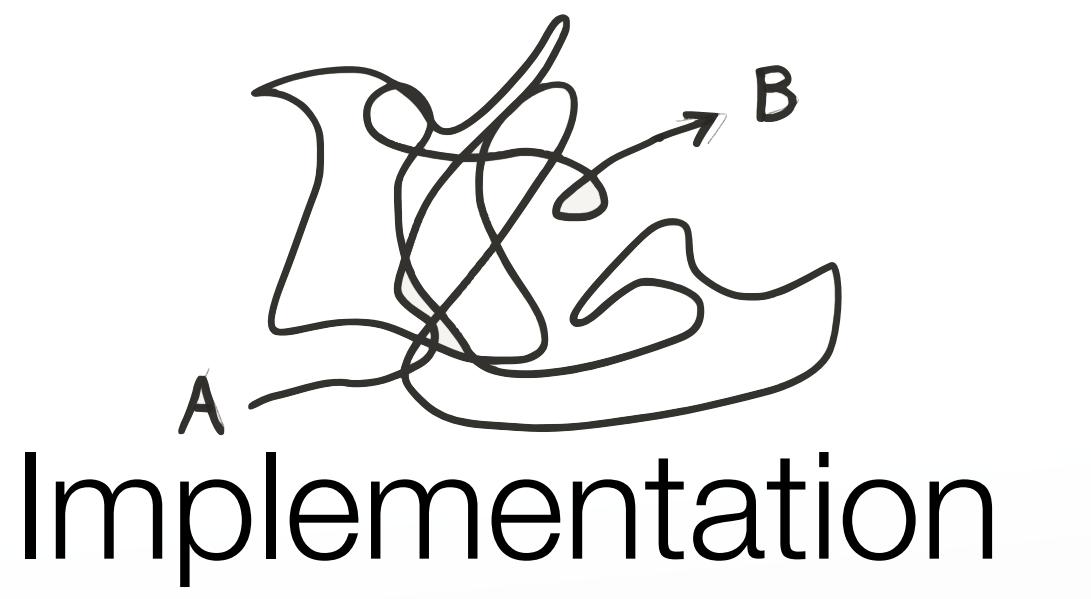


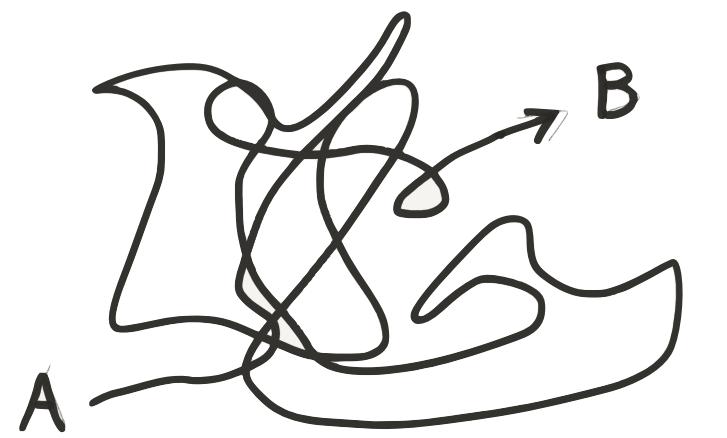
The (right) question



The (right) question

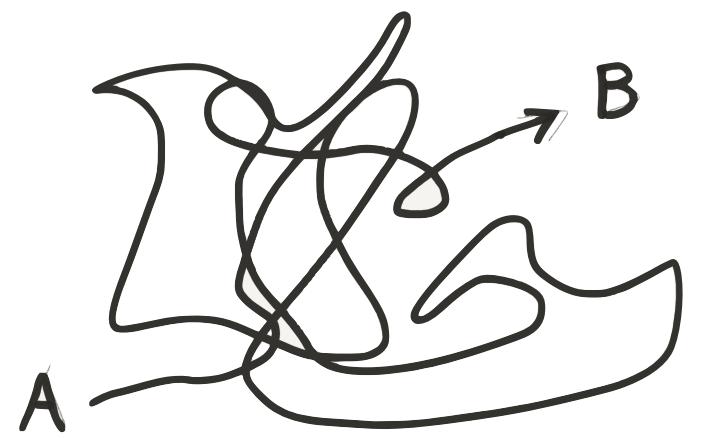




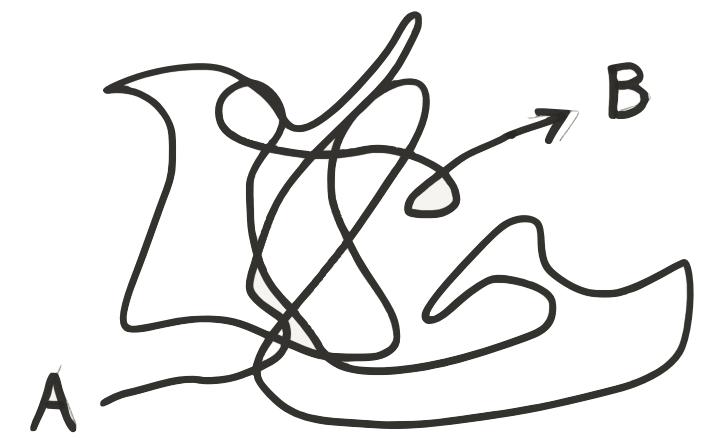


Adoption >> Implementation

Adoption >> Implementation



Sustainability?

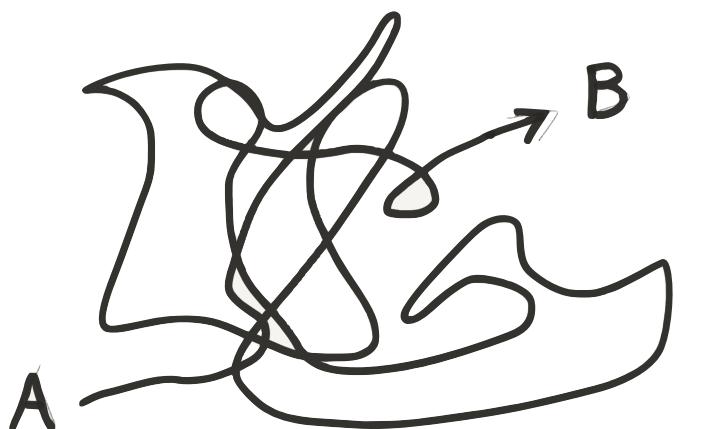


Sustainability?

Adoption >> Implementation >> Institutionalisation

Implementation

Sustainability?



Adoption >> Implementation >> Institutionalisation >> Implementation

Erfolgreich und nachhaltig implementieren?

Implementation Science

“Wir können uns Naivität nicht mehr leisten.”

AIMD framework

| | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| A - Aims | (Warum?) |
| I - Ingredients | (Was?) |
| M - Mechanism | (Wie wirkt es?) |
| D - Delivery | (Wie wird es implementiert?) |

Bragge P, Grimshaw JM, Lokker C, Colquhoun H, AIMD Writing/Working Group AIMD - a validated, simplified framework of interventions to promote and integrate evidence into health practices, systems, and policies. BMC Med Res Methodol 2017;17(1):38. Doi: 10.1186/s12874-017-0314-8.

$$SI = \text{Fac}^n (I + R + C)$$

Erfolgreiche Intervention = Facilitation (Innovation + Personen + Kontext)

Harvey G, Kitson A PARIHS revisited: from heuristic to integrated framework for the successful implementation of knowledge into practice. **Implement Sci** 2016;11(1):33. Doi: 10.1186/s13012-016-0398-2.

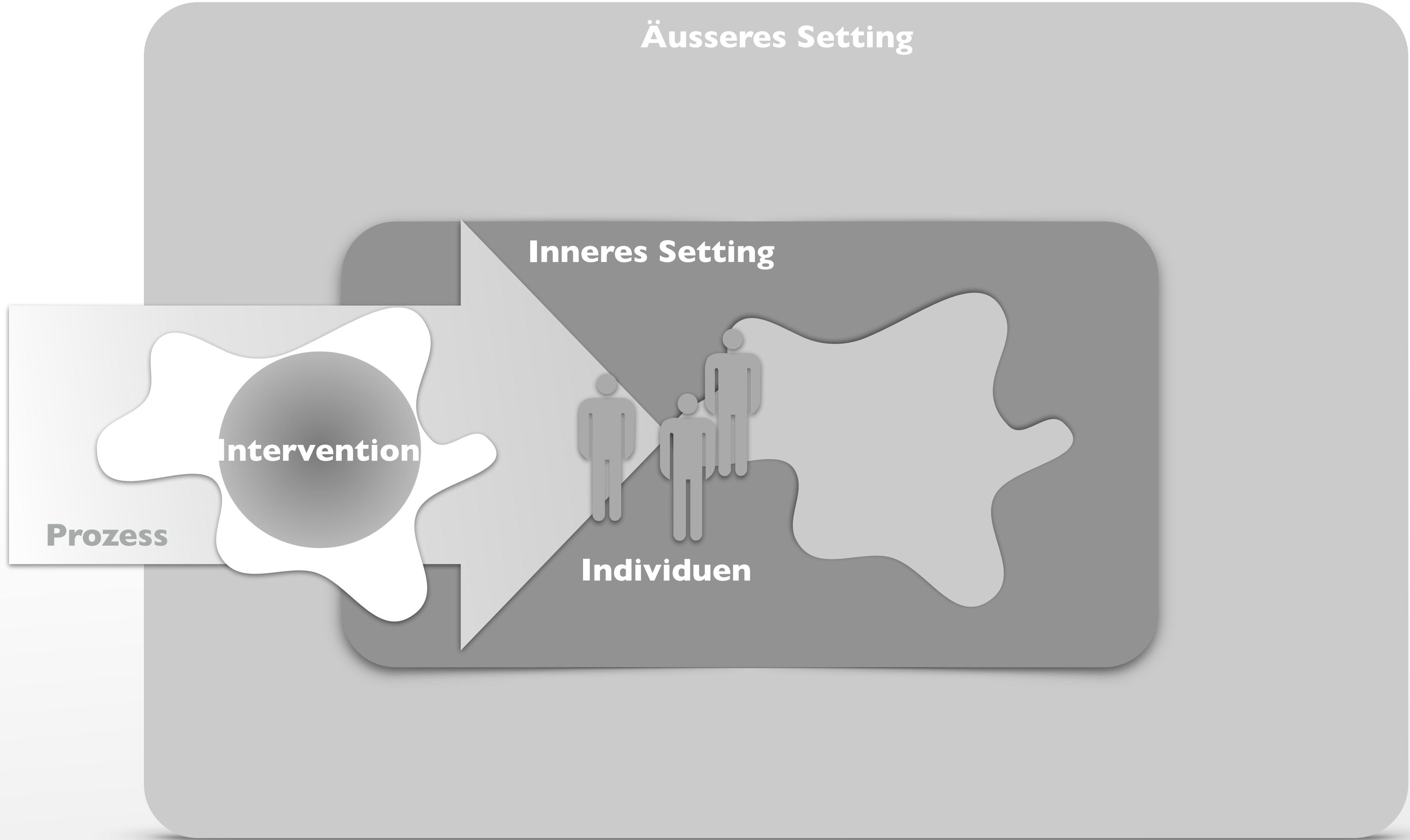
Consolidated Framework for Implementation Research | **CFIR**

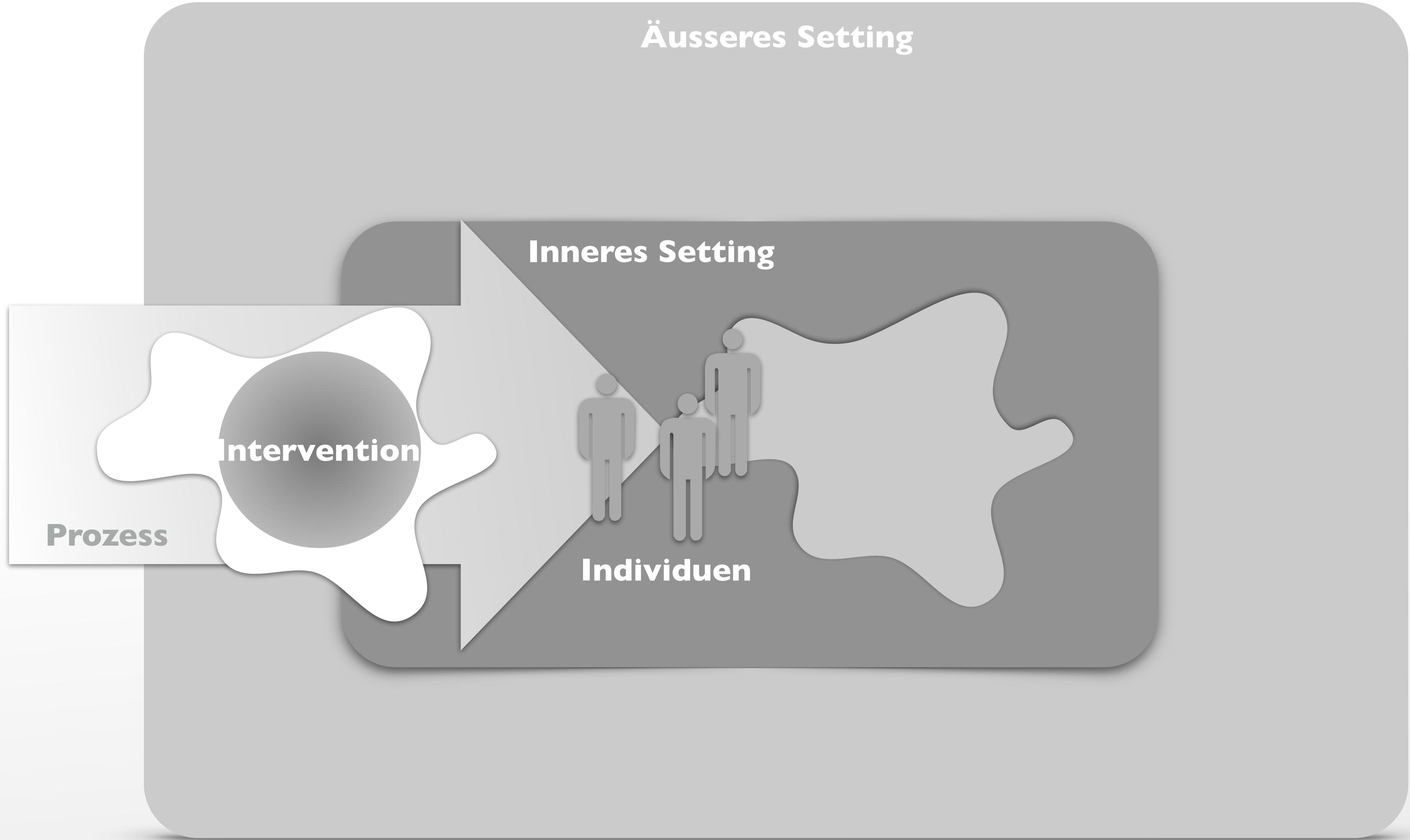
Damschroder LJ, et al. Fostering implementation of health services research findings into practice: a consolidated framework for advancing implementation science. **Implement Sci** 2009;4:50.

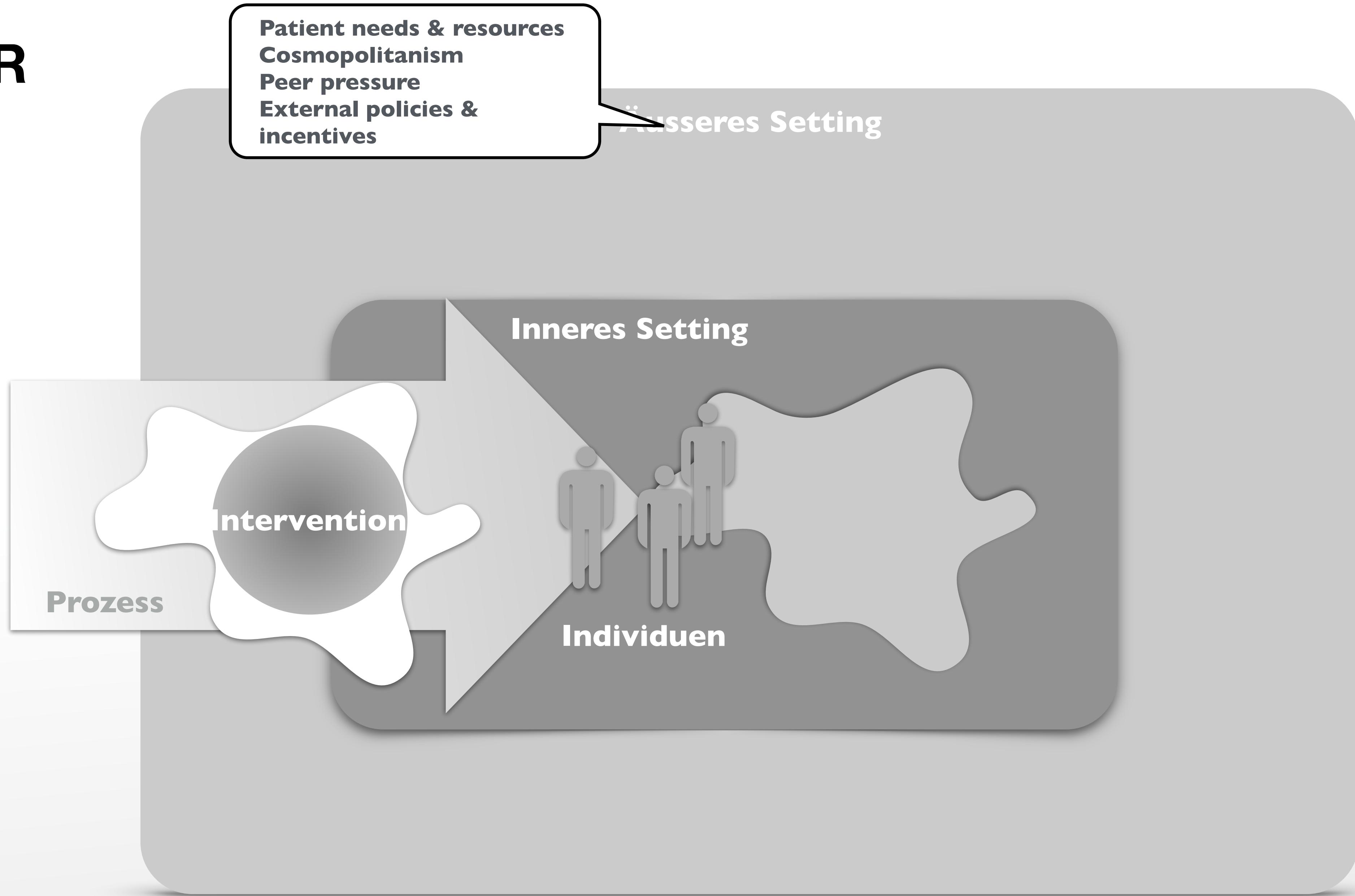
- Conceptual Model for Considering the Determinants of Diffusion, Dissemination, and Implementation of Innovations in Health Service Delivery and Organization | Greenhalg 2004
- Conceptual Model for Implementation Effectiveness | Klein 1996
- Dimensions of Strategic Change | Pettigrew 1992
- Theory-based Taxonomy for Implementation | Leeman 2007
- PARiHS Framework: Promoting Action on Research Implementation in Health Services | Kitson 2002
- Ottawa Model of Research Use | Graham 2004
- Conceptual Framework for Transferring Research to Practice | 2007
- Diagnostic/Needs Assessment | Kochevar 2006
- Stetler Model of Research Utilization | Stetler 2001
- Technology Implementation Process Model | Edmondson 2001
- Replicating Effective Programs Framework | 2007
- Organizational Transformation Model | VanDeusen Lukas 2007
- Implementation of Change: A Model | Grol 2007
- Framework of Dissemination in Health Services Intervention Research | Mendel 2008
- Conceptual Framework for Implementation of Defined Practices and Programs | Fixsen 2005
- Will it Work Here? A Decision-maker's Guide Adopting Innovations | Brach 2008
- Availability, Responsiveness and Continuity: An Organizational and Community Intervention Model | Glisson 2005
- A Practical, Robust Implementation and Sustainability Model (PRISM) | Feldstein 2008
- Multi-level Conceptual Framework of Organizational Innovation Adoption | Frambach 2001

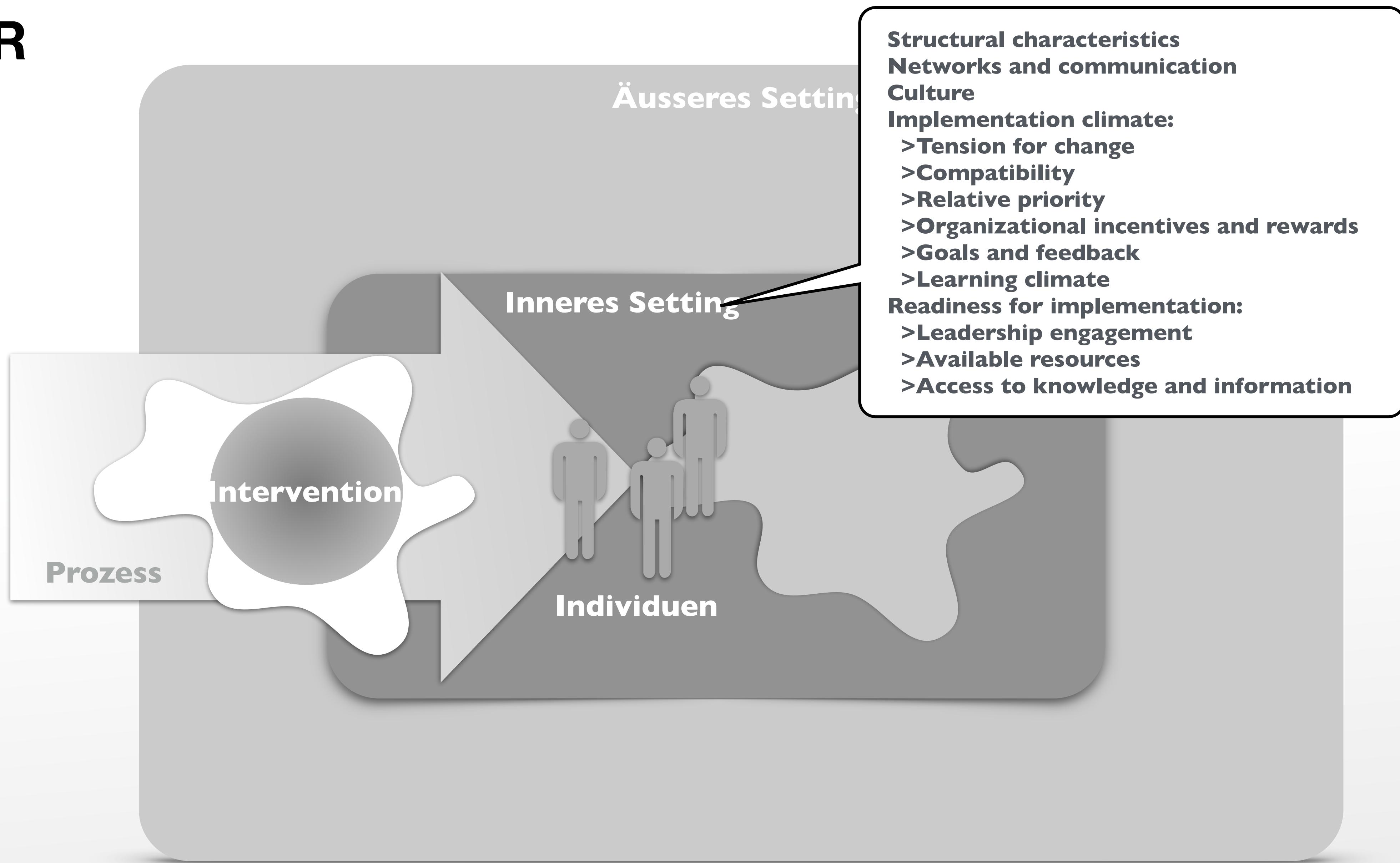
19 frameworks

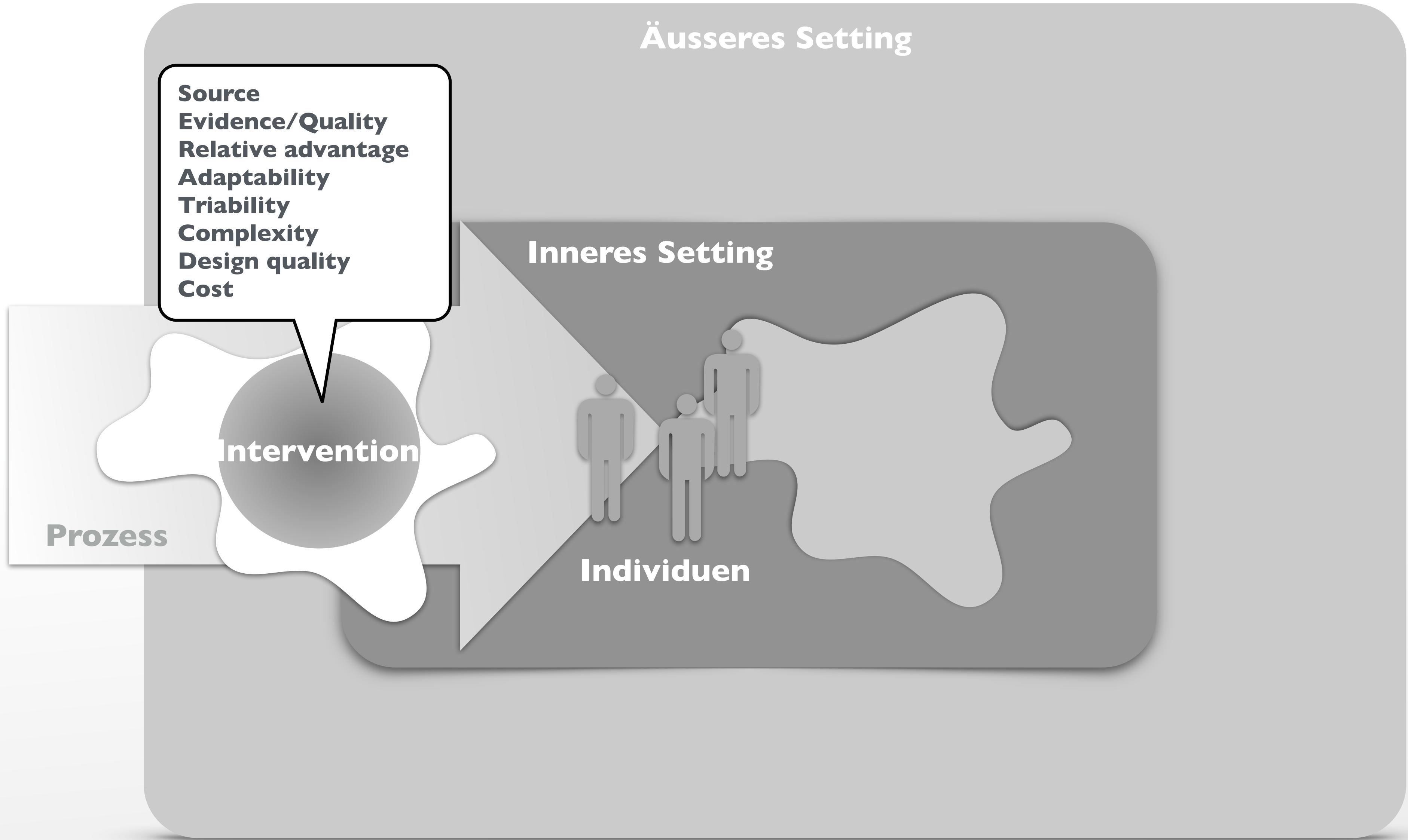
>> constructs

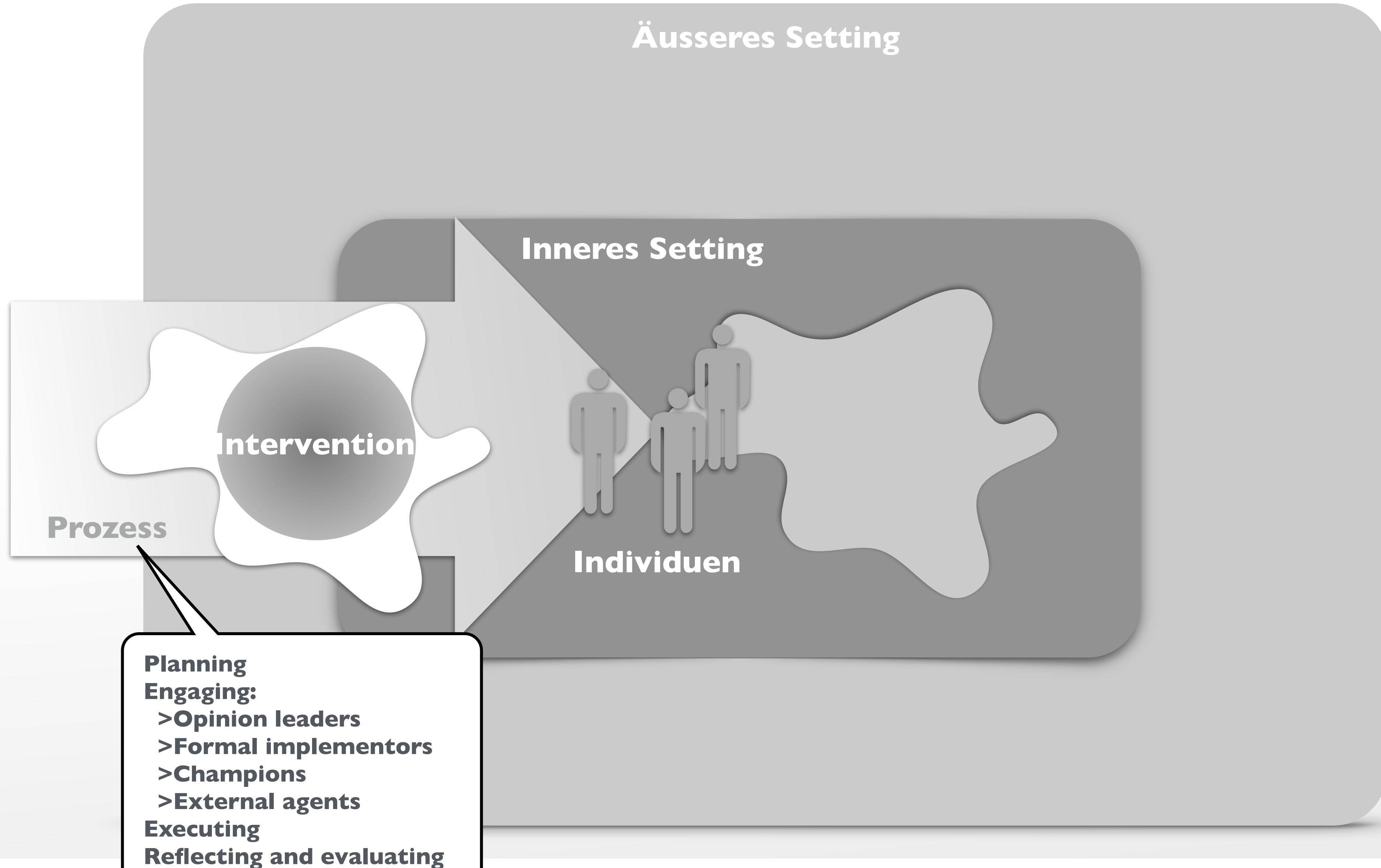


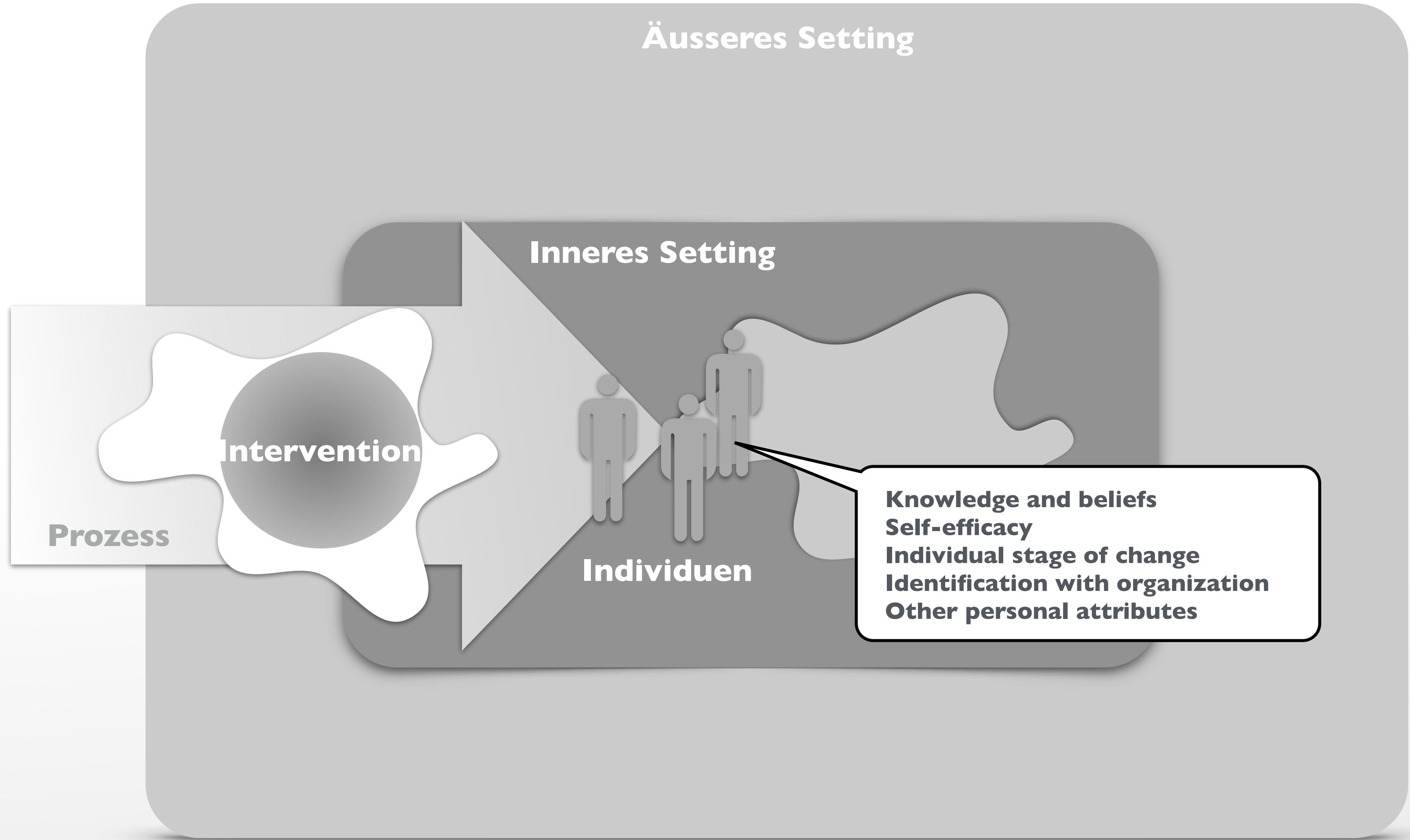


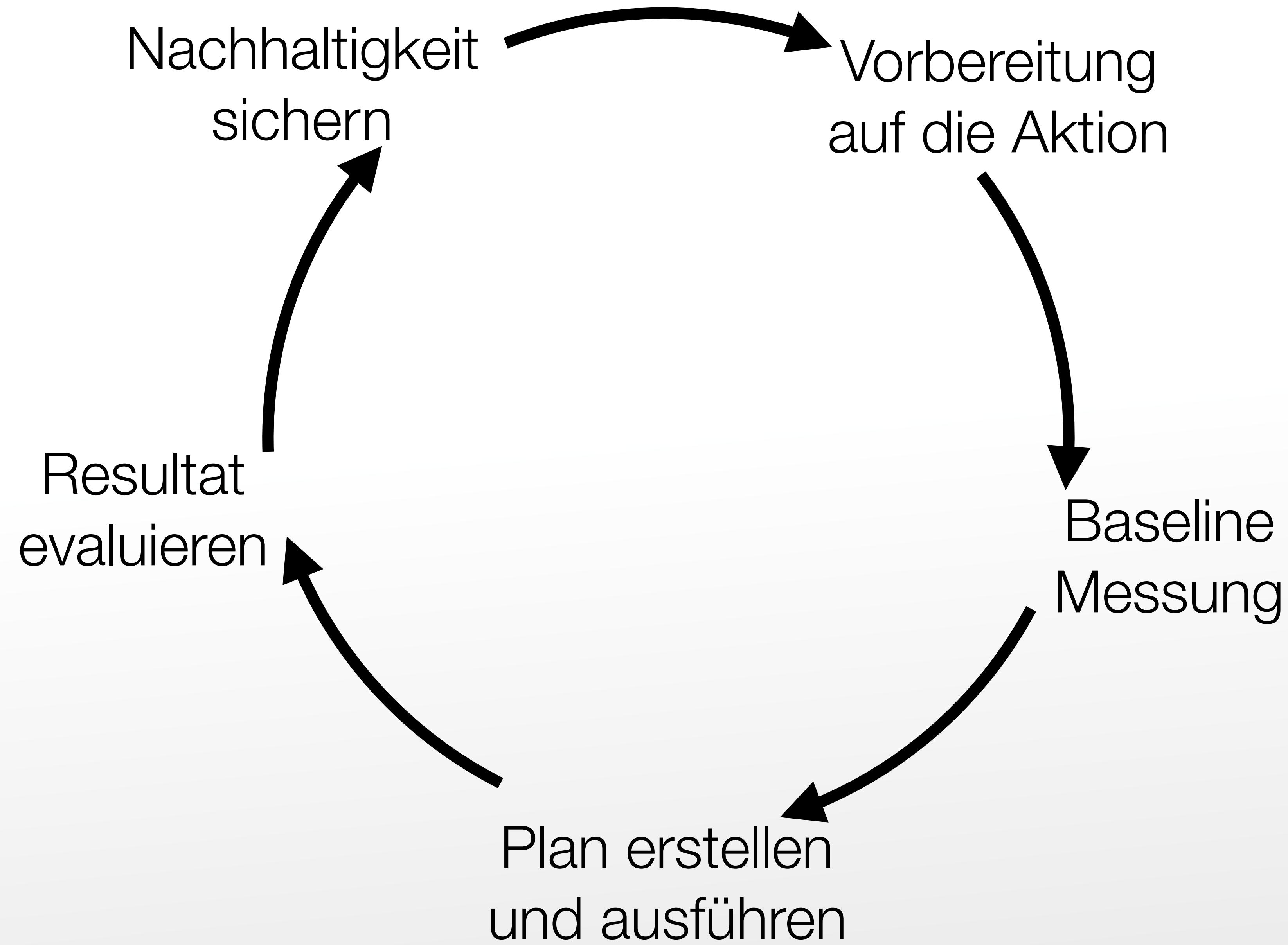












<https://www.who.int/infection-prevention/publications/core-components/en/>

Multimodale Strategie

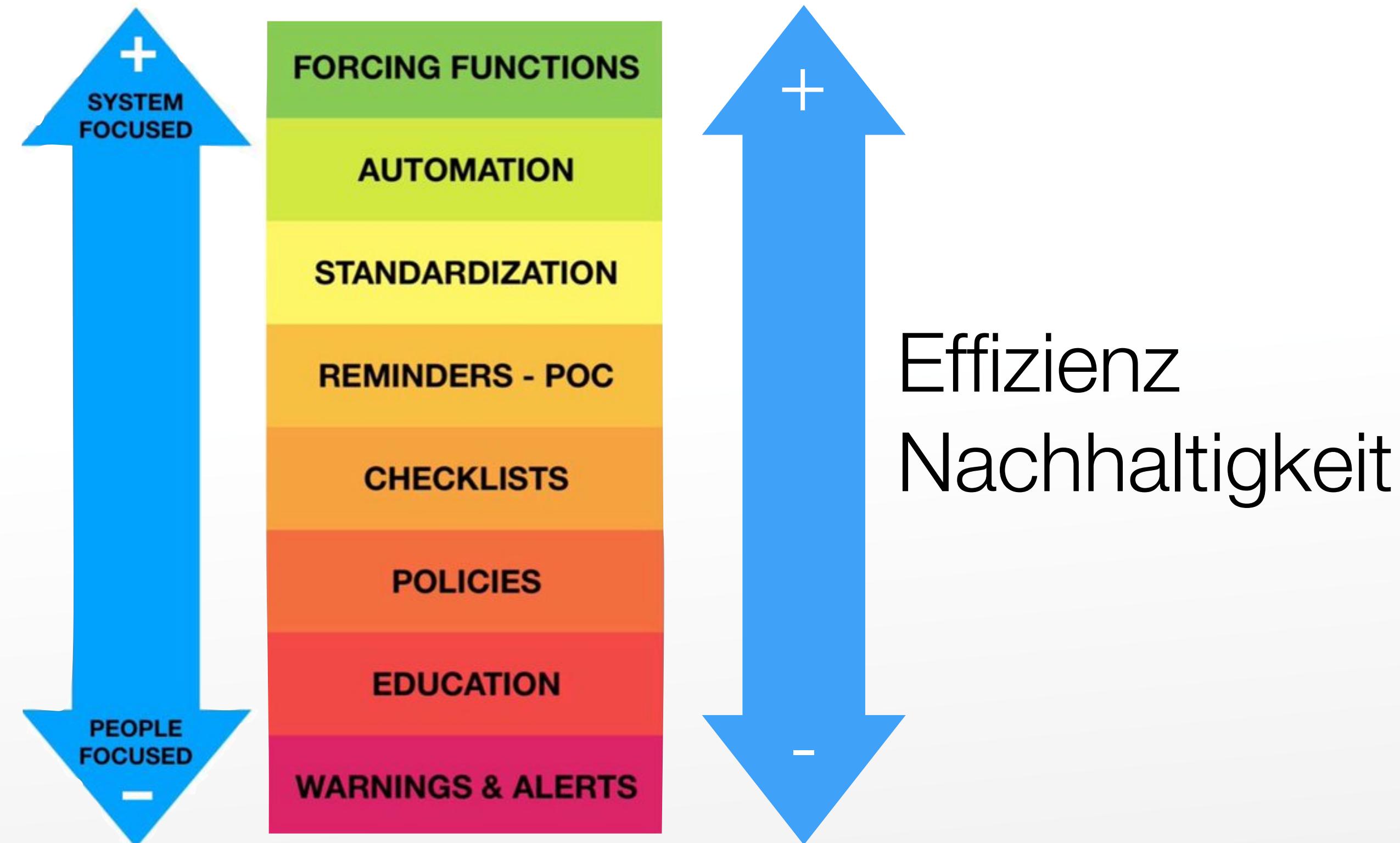
Leadership / Kultur

User-centered Infrastruktur- und Prozess-Design

Erinnerungshilfen

Training

Monitoring und Feedback



Cafazzo JA, St-Cyr O. From discovery to design: the evolution of human factors in healthcare. **Healthcare Quarterly (Toronto, Ont)** 2012;15 Spec No:24–9.

Implementing infection prevention practices across European hospitals: an in-depth qualitative assessment

Lauren Clack,^{1,2} Walter Zingg,² Sanjay Saint,^{3,4} Alejandra Casillas,⁵ Sylvie Touveneau,² Fabricio da Liberdade Jantarada,² Ursina Willi,¹ Tjallie van der Kooi,⁶ Laura J Damschroder,³ Jane H Forman,³ Molly Harrod,³ Sarah Krein,^{3,4} Didier Pittet,² Hugo Sax,^{1,2} PROHIBIT Consortium

Implementation Agendas
Resources
Boundary-spanning

Clack, L., Zingg, W., Saint, S., Casillas, A., Touveneau, S., da Liberdade Jantarada, F., et al. (2018). Implementing infection prevention practices across European hospitals: an in-depth qualitative assessment. *BMJ Quality & Safety*, 27(10), 771–780. <http://doi.org/10.1136/bmjqqs-2017-007675>

Implementation Archetypes

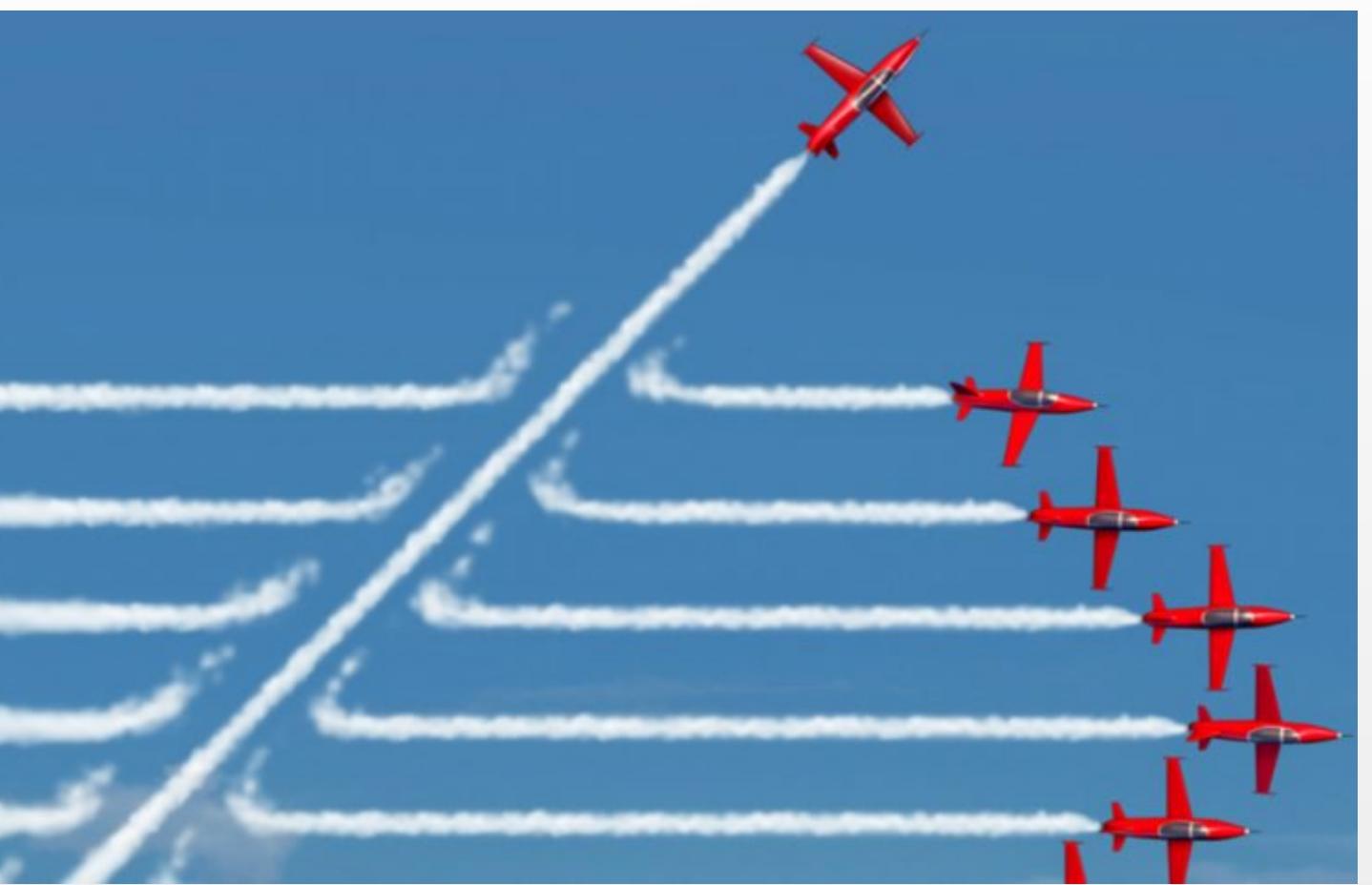
Classics



Steered Ship



Disrupted



Surfers



Die 5% Story

Meine persönlichen Tipps

- ✓ Setze (gewagte und SMART) Ziele
- ✓ Sichere zuerst die nötigen Ressourcen
- ✓ Identifiziere das Problem vor Ort
- ✓ Finde sympathische, charismatische Leader
- ✓ Mach Lärm
- ✓ Lasse Gruppen sich gegenseitig sehen
- ✓ Favorisiere Systemlösungen vs. Menschenlösungen
- ✓ Scheitere früh und oft
- ✓ Habe viel Geduld

Ressourcen

Damschroder, Implement Sci 2009: CFIR framework

Harvey, Implement Sci 2016; i.PARIHS framework

Flottrop, Implement Sci 2013: Checklist for quality improvement

Gurses, Joint Commission J 2009; BIM tool

WHO Core components:<https://www.who.int/infection-prevention/publications/core-components/en/>

Holden, Ergonomics 2013; SEIPS 2.0

Clack, BMJ Q&S 2018; In-Depth

Sax, J Hosp Infect 2016; Mental models

Overtveit, BMJ Q&S 2011; Context

Cafazzo, Healthcare Quarterly 2012; Implementation hierarchy